1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to economic development; amending s. 3 196.1995, F.S.; amending the authority to grant economic 4 development ad valorem tax exemptions; amending s. 5 216.177, F.S.; providing legislative notification 6 procedure that an action or proposed action by the 7 Governor exceeds delegated authority; providing Governor 8 and agency response to such notification; amending s. 9 216.301, F.S.; providing nonapplication; providing that 10 funds referenced carryover into a second fiscal year; 11 amending s. 220.191, F.S.; redefining the terms "qualifying business" and "qualifying project" for 12 purposes of the capital investment tax credit; conforming 13 14 cross-references; amending s. 288.018, F.S.; amending 15 allowable uses for grants awarded under the regional rural 16 development grants program; amending s. 288.106, F.S.; amending eligible amounts of refunds that may be granted 17 under the qualified target industry business program; 18 19 amending exceptions to the wage requirements for the qualified target industry business program; amending s. 20 21 288.108, F.S.; redefining the term "eligible high-impact 22 business" for the purposes of the high-impact business 23 performance grant program; amending grant guidelines for the high-impact business performance grant program; 24 amending s. 288.1088, F.S.; amending the legislative 25 26 approval process for the quick action closing fund; 27 authorizing a business to request a renegotiation of its 28 contract; providing a timeline for approval of request;

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providing a for return of funds under certain circumstances; providing business eligibility to make a request; providing for reappropriation of returned funds; providing an expiration date for the request procedure; providing for funds to be placed in reserve; providing for reversion of funds; extending certain water-related permits issued by the Department of Environmental Protection or water management districts pursuant to ch. 373, F.S., and certain local-government issued development orders and building permits; amending s. 288.9625, F.S.; providing authority for the Institute to contract for the provision of seed capital to businesses; providing a cap on such funds; providing a reporting requirement; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption.-

- (7) The authority to grant exemptions under this section will expire 10 years after the date such authority was approved in an election, but such authority may be renewed for <u>subsequent another</u> 10-year periods <u>period provided that each 10-year renewal is approved</u> in a referendum called and held pursuant to this section.
- Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 216.177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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216.177 Appropriations acts, statement of intent, violation, notice, review and objection procedures.—

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If the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Budget (b) Commission or the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives timely advise, in writing, the Executive Office of the Governor or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court that an action or a proposed action, including any expenditure of funds resulting from the settlement of litigation involving a state agency or officer, whether subject to the notice and review requirements of this chapter or not, exceeds the delegated authority of the Executive Office of the Governor for the executive branch or the Chief Justice for the judicial branch, respectively, or is contrary to legislative policy and intent, the Governor or the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall void such action and instruct the affected state agency or entity of the judicial branch to change immediately its spending action or spending proposal until the Legislative Budget Commission or the Legislature addresses the issue. For any notice of action or proposed action concerning the provisions of s. 288.1088, F.S., the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House may timely advise, in writing, the Executive Office of the Governor that an action or a proposed action exceeds the delegated authority of the Executive Office of the Governor or is contrary to legislative policy and intent. The Executive Office of the Governor shall void such action and instruct the affected state agency to change immediately its spending action or spending proposal until the Legislative Budget Commission or

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the Legislature addresses the issue. The written documentation shall indicate the specific reasons that an action or proposed action exceeds the delegated authority or is contrary to legislative policy and intent.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 216.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

216.301 Appropriations; undisbursed balances.-

- (1) (a) As of June 30th of each year, for appropriations for operations only, each department and the judicial branch shall identify in the state's financial system any incurred obligation which has not been disbursed, showing in detail the commitment or to whom obligated and the amounts of such commitments or obligations. Any appropriation not identified as an incurred obligation effective June 30th shall revert to the fund from which it was appropriated and shall be available for reappropriation by the Legislature. This paragraph shall not apply to funds appropriated for the purposes of s. 288.1088, F.S. Funds appropriated for the purposes of s. 288.1088, F.S. shall revert on June 30th of the second fiscal year of the appropriation.
- Section 4. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 220.191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 220.191 Capital investment tax credit.
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
- (a) "Commencement of operations" means the beginning of active operations by a qualifying business of the principal function for which a qualifying project was constructed.
 - (b) "Cumulative capital investment" means the total

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capital investment in land, buildings, and equipment made in connection with a qualifying project during the period from the beginning of construction of the project to the commencement of operations.

- (c) "Eligible capital costs" means all expenses incurred by a qualifying business in connection with the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of a qualifying project during the period from the beginning of construction of the project to the commencement of operations, including, but not limited to:
- 1. The costs of acquiring, constructing, installing, equipping, and financing a qualifying project, including all obligations incurred for labor and obligations to contractors, subcontractors, builders, and materialmen.
- 2. The costs of acquiring land or rights to land any cost incidental thereto, including recording fees.
- 3. The costs of architectural and engineering services, including test borings, surveys, estimates, plans and specifications, preliminary investigations, environmental mitigation, and supervision of construction, as well as the performance of all duties required by or consequent to the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of a qualifying project.
- 4. The costs associated with the installation of fixtures and equipment; surveys, including archaeological and environmental surveys; site tests and inspections; subsurface site work and excavation; removal of structures, roadways, and other surface obstructions; filling, grading, paving, and

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provisions for drainage, storm water retention, and installation of utilities, including water, sewer, sewage treatment, gas, electricity, communications, and similar facilities; and offsite construction of utility extensions to the boundaries of the property.

- Eligible capital costs shall not include the cost of any property previously owned or leased by the qualifying business.
- (d) "Income generated by or arising out of the qualifying project" means the qualifying project's annual taxable income as determined by generally accepted accounting principles and under s. 220.13.
- (e) "Jobs" means full-time equivalent positions, as that term is consistent with terms used by the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of unemployment tax administration and employment estimation, resulting directly from a project in this state. The term does not include temporary construction jobs involved in the construction of the project facility.
- (f) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (g) "Qualifying business" means a business that is designated as a qualified target industry business pursuant to s. 288.106(1)(q), which establishes a qualifying project in this state, and which is certified by the office to receive tax credits pursuant to this section.
 - (h) "Qualifying project" means:
 - 1. A new or expanding facility in this state which creates

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at least 50100 new jobs in this state, pays an annual average wage of at least 130 percent of the average private sector wage in the area as defined in s. 288.106(1)(b), makes a cumulative capital investment of at least \$25 million in this state, and is a qualified target industry business pursuant to s. 288.106(1)(q) in one of the high-impact sectors identified by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and certified by the office pursuant to s. 288.108(6), including, but not limited to, aviation, aerospace, automotive, and silicon technology industries; or 2. A new or expanded facility in this state which is engaged in a target industry designated pursuant to the procedure specified in s. 288.106(1)(o) and which is induced by this credit to create or retain at least 1,000 jobs in this state, provided that at least 100 of those jobs are new, pay an annual average wage of at least 130 percent of the average private sector wage in the area as defined in s. 288.106(1), and make a cumulative capital investment of at least \$100 million after July 1, 2005. Jobs may be considered retained only if there is significant evidence that the loss of jobs is imminent. Notwithstanding subsection (2), annual credits against the tax imposed by this chapter shall not exceed 50 percent of the increased annual corporate income tax liability or the premium tax liability generated by or arising out of a project qualifying under this subparagraph. A facility that qualifies under this subparagraph for an annual credit against the tax imposed by this chapter may take the tax credit for a period not to exceed 5 years; or 2.3. A new or expanded headquarters facility in this state

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which locates in an enterprise zone and brownfield area and is induced by this credit to create at least 1,500 jobs that which on average pay at least 200 percent of the statewide average annual private sector wage, as published by the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its successor, and which new or expanded headquarters facility makes a cumulative capital investment in this state of at least \$250 million.

- (3) (a) Notwithstanding subsection (2), an annual credit against the tax imposed by this chapter shall be granted to a qualifying business that which establishes a qualifying project pursuant to subparagraph (1) (h)2. (1) (h)3., in an amount equal to the lesser of \$15 million or 5 percent of the eligible capital costs made in connection with a qualifying project, for a period not to exceed 20 years beginning with the commencement of operations of the project. The tax credit shall be granted against the corporate income tax liability of the qualifying business and as further provided in paragraph (c). The total tax credit provided pursuant to this subsection shall be equal to no more than 100 percent of the eligible capital costs of the qualifying project.
- (b) If the credit granted under this subsection is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the qualifying business, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 20 years after the commencement of operations of the project. The carryover credit may be used in a subsequent year when the tax imposed by this chapter for that year exceeds the credit for which the qualifying business is eligible in that year under this

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subsection after applying the other credits and unused carryovers in the order provided by s. 220.02(8).

- The credit granted under this subsection may be used in whole or in part by the qualifying business or any corporation that is either a member of that qualifying business's affiliated group of corporations, is a related entity taxable as a cooperative under subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code, or, if the qualifying business is an entity taxable as a cooperative under subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code, is related to the qualifying business. Any entity related to the qualifying business may continue to file as a member of a Florida-nexus consolidated group pursuant to a prior election made under s. 220.131(1), Florida Statutes (1985), even if the parent of the group changes due to a direct or indirect acquisition of the former common parent of the group. Any credit may can be used by any of the affiliated companies or related entities referenced in this paragraph to the same extent as it could have been used by the qualifying business. However, any such use does shall not operate to increase the amount of the credit or extend the period within which the credit must be used.
- (4) Prior to receiving tax credits pursuant to this section, a qualifying business must achieve and maintain the minimum employment goals beginning with the commencement of operations at a qualifying project and continuing each year thereafter during which tax credits are available pursuant to this section. However, the office may approve a prorated tax credit amount for a qualifying business that enters into an

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agreement with the office on or after July 1, 2010, has satisfied the capital investment and average wage requirements but that has not met the employment requirements because of market conditions. The prorated tax refund shall be calculated by multiplying the tax refund amount for which the qualifying business would have been eligible if all applicable requirements had been satisfied by the percentage of the average employment specified in the tax refund agreement which was actually achieved.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 288.018, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.018 Regional Rural Development Grants Program.-

The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish a matching grant program to provide funding to regionally based economic development organizations representing rural counties and communities for the purpose of building the professional capacity of their organizations. Such matching grants may also be used by the economic development organizations to provide technical assistance to businesses within the rural counties and communities they serve. Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to approve, on an annual basis, grants to such regionally based economic development organizations. The maximum amount an organization may receive in any year will be \$35,000, or \$100,000 in a rural area of critical economic concern recommended by the Rural Economic Development Initiative and designated by the Governor, and must be matched each year by an equivalent amount of nonstate resources.

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Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 288.106, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses.—

- (2) TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS.-
- Upon approval by the director, a qualified target industry business shall be allowed tax refund payments equal to \$3,000 times the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement under subparagraph (4)(a)1., or equal to \$6,000 times the number of jobs if the project is located in a rural county or an enterprise zone. Further, a qualified target industry business shall be allowed additional tax refund payments equal to \$1,000 times the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement under subparagraph (4)(a)1., if such jobs pay an annual average wage of at least 150 percent of the average private sector wage in the area, or equal to \$2,000 times the number of jobs if such jobs pay an annual average wage of at least 200 percent of the average private sector wage in the A business that falls within one of the high impact sectors designated under s. 288.108 shall be allowed additional tax refund payments equal to \$2,000 times the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement under subparagraph (4)(a)(1). A qualified target industry business may not receive refund payments of more than 25 percent of the total tax refunds specified in the tax refund agreement under subparagraph (4)(a)1. in any fiscal year. Further, a qualified target industry business may not receive more than \$1.5 million in

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refunds under this section in any single fiscal year, or more than \$2.5 million in any single fiscal year if the project is located in an enterprise zone. A qualified target industry may not receive more than \$5 million in refund payments under this section in all fiscal years, or more than \$7.5 million if the project is located in an enterprise zone. Funds made available pursuant to this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in this state unless the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development determines that without such relocation the business will move outside this state or determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for the relocation and that the relocation will create additional jobs.

- (3) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS.-
- (b) To qualify for review by the office, the application of a target industry business must, at a minimum, establish the following to the satisfaction of the office:
- 1. The jobs proposed to be provided under the application, pursuant to subparagraph (a)4., must pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 115 percent of the average private sector wage in the area where the business is to be located or the statewide private sector average wage. In determining the average annual wage, the office shall include only new proposed jobs, and wages for existing jobs shall be excluded from this calculation. The office may waive the average wage requirement at the request of the local governing body recommending the project and Enterprise Florida, Inc. The wage requirement may only be waived for a project located in a

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brownfield area designated under s. 376.80 or in a rural city or county or in an enterprise zone or for a manufacturing project in any location in the state so long as the jobs proposed to be created pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 100 percent of the average private sector wage in the area where the business is to be located and only when the merits of the individual project or the specific circumstances in the community in relationship to the project warrant such action. If the local governing body and Enterprise Florida, Inc., make such a recommendation, it must be transmitted in writing and the specific justification for the waiver recommendation must be explained. If the director elects to waive the wage requirement, the waiver must be stated in writing and the reasons for granting the waiver must be explained.

2. The target industry business's project must result in the creation of at least 10 jobs at such project and, if an expansion of an existing business, must result in a net increase in employment of at least 10 percent at the business.

Notwithstanding the definition of the term "expansion of an existing business" in paragraph (1)(g), at the request of the local governing body recommending the project and Enterprise Florida, Inc., the office may define an "expansion of an existing business" in a rural community or an enterprise zone as the expansion of a business resulting in a net increase in employment of less than 10 percent at such business if the merits of the individual project or the specific circumstances in the community in relationship to the project warrant such action. If the local governing body and Enterprise Florida,

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Inc., make such a request, the request must be transmitted in writing and the specific justification for the request must be explained. If the director elects to grant the request, the grant must be stated in writing and the reason for granting the request must be explained.

- 3. The business activity or product for the applicant's project is within an industry or industries that have been identified by the office to be high-value-added industries that contribute to the area and to the economic growth of the state and that produce a higher standard of living for residents of this state in the new global economy or that can be shown to make an equivalent contribution to the area and state's economic progress. The director must approve requests to waive the wage requirement for brownfield areas designated under s. 376.80 unless it is demonstrated that such action is not in the public interest.
- Section 7. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 288.108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.108 High-impact business.-

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Eligible high-impact business" means a business in one of the high-impact sectors identified by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and certified by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as provided in subsection (5), which is making a cumulative investment in the state of at least $\frac{$50}{100}$ million and creating at least $\frac{50}{100}$ new full-time equivalent jobs in the state or a research and development facility making a cumulative investment of at least $\frac{$25}{100}$ million and creating

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at least 75 new full-time equivalent jobs. Such investment and employment must be achieved in a period not to exceed 3 years after the date the business is certified as a qualified high-impact business.

- (b) "Qualified high-impact business" means a business in one of the high-impact sectors that has been certified by the office as a qualified high-impact business to receive a high-impact sector performance grant.
- (c) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (d) "Director" means the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (e) "Cumulative investment" means the total investment in buildings and equipment made by a qualified high-impact business since the beginning of construction of such facility.
 - (f) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the state.
- (g) "Jobs" means full-time equivalent positions, as that term is consistent with terms used by the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of unemployment compensation tax administration and employment estimation, resulting directly from a project in this state. The term does not include temporary construction jobs involved in the construction of the project facility.
- (h) "Commencement of operations" means that the qualified high-impact business has begun to actively operate the principal function for which the facility was constructed as determined by the office and specified in the qualified high-impact business agreement.

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- (i) "Research and development" means basic and applied research in science or engineering, as well as the design, development, and testing of prototypes or processes of new or improved products. Research and development does not mean market research, routine consumer product testing, sales research, research in the social sciences or psychology, nontechnological activities or technical services.
- (3) HIGH-IMPACT SECTOR PERFORMANCE GRANTS; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS.—
- (a) Upon commencement of operations, a qualified high-impact business is eligible to receive a high-impact business performance grant in the amount as determined by the office under subsection (5), consistent with eligible amounts as provided in paragraph (b), and specified in the qualified high-impact business agreement. The precise conditions that are considered commencement of operations must be specified in the qualified high-impact business agreement.
- (b) The office may, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., negotiate qualified high-impact business performance grant awards for any single qualified high-impact business. In negotiating such awards, the office shall consider the following guidelines in conjunction with other relevant applicant impact and cost information and analysis as required in subsection (5). A qualified high-impact business making a cumulative investment of \$50 million and creating 50 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$500,000 to \$1 million. A qualified high-impact business making a cumulative investment of \$100 million and

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creating 100 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified highimpact business performance grant of \$1 million to \$2 million. A qualified high-impact business making a cumulative investment of \$800 million and creating 800 jobs may be eligible for a qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$10 million to \$12 million. A qualified high-impact business, engaged in research and development, making a cumulative investment of \$25 million and creating 25 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$700,000 to \$1 million. A qualified high-impact business, engaged in research and development, making a cumulative investment of \$75 million and creating 75 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$2 million to \$3 million. A qualified high-impact business, engaged in research and development, making a cumulative investment of \$150 million and creating 150 jobs may be eligible for a qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$3.5 million to \$4.5 million.

- (c) Fifty percent of the performance grant awarded under subsection (5) must be paid to the qualified high-impact business upon certification by the business that operations have commenced.
- (d) The balance of the performance grant award shall be paid to the qualified high-impact business upon the business's certification that full operations have commenced and that the full investment and employment goals specified in the qualified high-impact business agreement have been met and verified by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. The

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verification must occur not later than 60 days after the qualified high-impact business has provided the certification specified in this paragraph.

(e) The office may, upon a showing of reasonable cause for delay and significant progress toward the achievement of the investment and employment goals specified in the qualified high-impact business agreement, extend the date for commencement of operations, not to exceed an additional 2 years beyond the limit specified in paragraph (2)(a), but in no case may any high-impact sector performance grant payment be made to the business until the scheduled goals have been achieved.

Section 8. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 288.1088, Florida Statutes, are amended to read, and a new subsection (4) of that section is created to read:

288.1088 Quick Action Closing Fund.-

(3) (b) Within 22 calendar days after receiving the evaluation and recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., the director shall recommend to the Governor approval or disapproval of a project for receipt of funds from the Quick Action Closing Fund. In recommending a project, the director shall include proposed performance conditions that the project must meet to obtain incentive funds. The Governor shall provide the evaluation of projects recommended for approval to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and consult with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before giving final approval for a project. The Executive Office of the Governor shall recommend approval of a project and the release of funds pursuant to the

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legislative consultation and review requirements set forth in s. 216.177. Such notice shall be delivered at least 14 days prior to the release of funds. The recommendation must include proposed performance conditions that the project must meet in order to obtain funds. The President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House may timely advise, in writing, the Executive Office of the Governor that the project exceeds the delegated authority of the Executive Office of the Governor or is contrary to legislative policy and intent. The Executive Office of the Governor shall void the release of funds and instruct the Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development to change immediately its proposal until the Legislative Budget Commission or the Legislature addresses the issue.

(c) Upon the approval of the Governor, the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the business shall enter into a contract that sets forth the conditions for payment of moneys from the fund. The contract must include the total amount of funds awarded; the performance conditions that must be met to obtain the award, including, but not limited to, net new employment in the state, average salary, and total capital investment; demonstrate a baseline of current service and a measure of enhanced capability; the methodology for validating performance; the schedule of payments from the fund; and sanctions for failure to meet performance conditions. The contract must provide that payment of moneys from the fund is contingent upon sufficient appropriation of funds by the Legislature and upon sufficient release of appropriated funds by the Legislative Budget Commission.

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(4) (a) A Quick Action Closing Fund business may submit, in writing, a request to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for renegotiation of its contract. The request must provide quantitative evidence demonstrating how negative economic conditions in the business's industry have prevented the business from complying with the terms and conditions of its Quick Action Closing Fund Agreement. The request must also include proposed adjusted performance targets that result in new job creation meeting the requirements in paragraph (2) above. Adjusted performance targets may not include any additional waiver requests.

- (b) Upon receipt of a request under paragraph (4)(a), the director shall have 45 days to notify the requesting business, in writing if its ability to renegotiate has been granted or denied. In making such a determination, the director shall consider the extent to which negative economic conditions in the business's industry have occurred in the state, the proposed adjusted performance targets, and the business' efforts to comply with its agreement.
- (c) Upon the grant of approval to renegotiate, OTTED, along with Enterprise Florida shall determine the economic impact of the adjusted performance measures, and notify the business of the adjusted award amount commiserate with the proposed adjusted performance targets. Quick Action Closing Fund business must renegotiate its agreement with the office for the adjusted amount, and agree to return the difference between the original Quick Action Closing Fund Award and the adjusted award without interest or penalties. When renegotiating the

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agreement of a business, the office may extend the duration of the agreement for a period not to exceed 2 years. Any funds returned pursuant to this paragraph shall be reappropriated to the Office for the Quick Action Closing Fund.

(d) A Quick Action Closing Fund business submitting reports to OTTED between January 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011 may submit a request for renegotiation.

This subsection shall expire June 30, 2011.

of implementing this section shall be placed in reserve and shall be released pursuant to the legislative consultation and review requirements set forth in s. 216.177. Notwithstanding s. 216.301 to the contrary, funds appropriated for the purpose of implementing this section whether released or in reserve shall revert on June 30th of the second fiscal year of the appropriation.

Section 9. The permit extensions granted in section 14 of chapter 2009-96, Laws of Florida, are further extended another 1 year, as long as the affected permitholders comply with the specified requirements.

Section 10. Subsections (10), (11), and (12) of section 288.9625, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.9625 Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research.—There is established the Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research.

(10) The institute shall not develop or accrue any ownership, royalty, patent, or other such rights over or

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interest in companies or products in the institute and shall maintain the secrecy of proprietary information.

- appropriated by the Legislature to the Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development or other public funds and enter into contracts for the provision of seed capital with those companies whose technologies, products or services were developed with publicly funded research.
- (a) The Institute may negotiate the terms of any contract fund repayments as necessary to maximize the benefits to the state as described in s.288.9625 (12)(c).
- (b) The Institute may not enter into any one such contract for an amount greater than \$250,000 and which must be supported by at least an equal monetary matching capital contribution from private sources.
- $(\underline{1211})$ The institute shall not charge for services rendered to state universities and affiliated organizations, community colleges, or state agencies.
- $(\underline{1312})$ By December 1 of each year, the institute shall issue an annual report concerning its activities to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report shall include the following:
- (a) Information on any assistance and activities provided by the institute to assist publicly supported universities, colleges, research institutes, and other publicly supported organizations in the state.
 - (b) A description of the benefits to this state resulting

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from the institute, including the number of businesses created, associated industries started, the number of jobs created, and the growth of related projects.

- (c) A description of the benefits to the state resulting from the provision of seed capital, including the number of businesses created, additional capital raised, associated industries started, the number of jobs created, and the growth of related research projects.
- (\underline{de}) Independently audited financial statements, including statements that show receipts and expenditures during the preceding fiscal year for personnel, administration, and operational costs of the institute.

Section 11. This act shall take effect upon becoming law.